I recommend you read Chapters 3 and 5, and Chapters 1 and 2 if you haven’t already.

FRINT Chapter 3:
(1) 3.1, parts (a), (b), (c) (although you don’t need to make the whole table — only as much as you need), and (d)
(2) 3.2
(3) 3.5, parts (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e)

FRINT Chapter 5:
(4) 5.1
(5) 5.4, parts (a) and (b)
(6) 5.5, parts (a), (b), and (c)

Additional Problems:
(7) In the Euclidean Algorithm, you get a sequence of remainders $r_1, r_2, \ldots$ For example, when finding the greatest common divisor of 5 and 3 using the Euclidean Algorithm, the three remainders are 2, 1, and 0.
   (a) Can you find an initial pair of numbers $(a, b)$ so that the Euclidean Algorithm on $a$ and $b$ produces the sequence of remainders $9, 4, 1, 0$?
   (b) Are the $a$ and $b$ you found above unique?